



Cultural sights



Natural sights

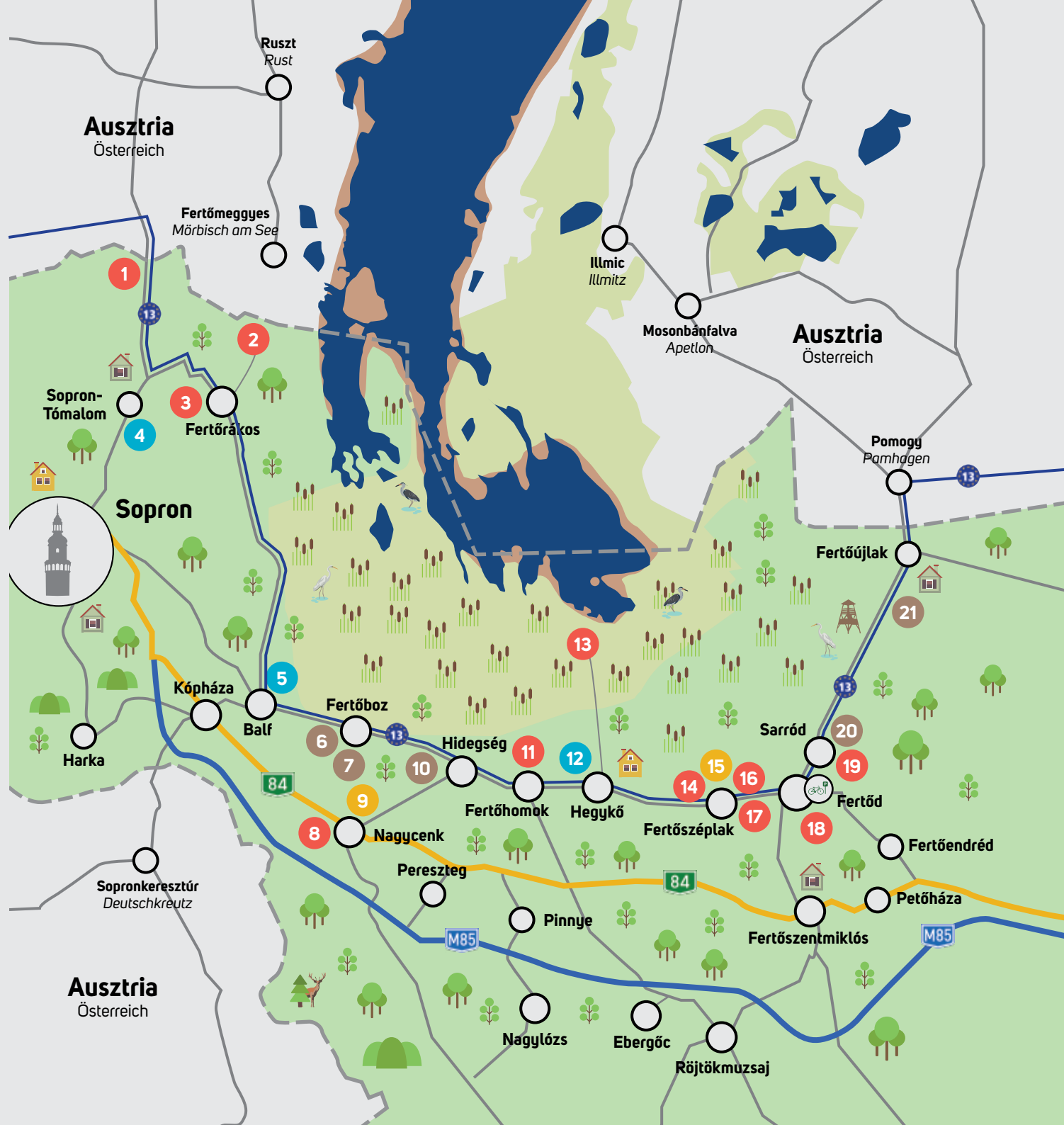


Sacred sights



Baths, fountains

- 1 Paneuropean Picnic Memorial (Fertőrákos)
- 2 Mithras Sanctuary (Fertőrákos)
- 3 Fertőrákos Quarry and Cave Theatre (Fertőrákos)
- 4 Tómalom Bath (Sopron-Tómalom)
- 5 Zsolnay drinking fountain (Balf)
- 6 Gloriette Overlook (Fertőboz)
- 7 Julien Valley (Fertőboz)
- 8 Széchenyi Palace (Nagyecenk)
- 9 Remetekápolna [Hermit's Chapel] (Nagyecenk)
- 10 Papkert [Priests' Garden] (Hidegség)
- 11 Local History Museum (Fertőhomok)
- 12 Thermal Bath (Hegykő)
- 13 Iron Curtain Memorial (Hegykő)
- 14 Széchenyi Palace (Fertőszéplak)
- 15 Church Hill (Fertőszéplak)
- 16 Local History Museum (Fertőszéplak)
- 17 Railway Lamp Museum (Fertőszéplak)
- 18 Eszterházy Palace and Rose Garden (Fertőd)
- 19 Local History Museum (Sarród)
- 20 Kócsagvár [Egret Castle] (Sarród)
- 21 Bird Watch (Fertőújlak)



TEN LOCATIONS NEAR LAKE FERTŐ THAT EVERYONE MUST SEE!

Fertőújlak

Bird wahtc

The saline region found here is part of the Fertő-Hanság National Park, a unique gem of Northwestern Hungary. More than three hundred bird species can be observed, among them true rarities as well.

Sarród

Kócsagvár (Egret Castle) and family recreation park

The Kócsagvár was designed by József Koller in organic architectural style of Imre Makovecz and received its name from one of the characteristic representatives of the native avifauna, the great egret. The special building also serves as the center for the Directorate of the Fertő-Hanság National Park.

Fertőd

Eszterházy Palace and Rose Garden

People also call Hungary's largest and most beautiful Baroque-Rococo palace – the third largest of its kind in Central Europe – the "Hungarian Versailles," which was ordered to be built by Prince Nikolaus Eszterházy, the Magnificent.

In its days of glory, the palace – with its 126 rooms – had Haydn as its court composer and Maria Theresia also visited it on multiple occasions. The estate's rose garden is adorned with 8000 rose stems, which enchants visitors with a spectacular experience of sight and scent.

Fertőszéplak

Local History Museum, Palace, Church Hill

The fully renovated Széchenyi Palace has become one of the outstanding historic buildings of the region; Széchenyi Ferenc, the founder of the National Museum and the National Library was born here. At the Peisonia Visitor Centre within the building, visitors have the occasion to get acquainted with the values of the Fertő Region World Heritage through an interactive exhibition. The neighbourhood of the Fertőszéplak Church Hill offers a comfortable recreation area. In the local history museums found at the bottom of the hill one can observe the former Fertő Region architecture and the lifestyle and farming methods related to Lake Fertő. In the Railway Lamp Museum one can see the carefully designed lamps of old ages.

Hegykő

Thermal Bath

The thermal water sprouting up from a depth of 1434 meters – one with the highest mineral content in the country – received the qualification of medicinal water in 2004. It awaits guests throughout the year with covered and open-air pools who want to heal, do sports or simply relax.

Fertőhomok

Local History Museum

The local history museum mirrors the characteristic Fertő Region home of the 1930's, which was also awarded the "The local history museum of the year" title in 2004. The building functioning as a museum serves as a home for old village events, contemporary art exhibitions and exhibitions related to Lake Fertő.

Hidegség

Papkert (Priests' Garden)

The special garden is one of the curiosities of the region. The amphibians of the Fertő Region live undisturbed in the lakes and swamps formed and fed by the 21 springs of the region, and the region's birds are also nesting untroubled on the surrounding wild fruit trees.

Nagycenk

Széchenyi Palace and Hermit's Chapel

Located in the central part of Nagycenk is the Széchenyi Palace and Amusement Park, and in front of it the famous lime tree walk. In the local statue park, by the renovation of the Hermit's Chapel, visitors can gain an even fuller understanding of the Széchenyi heritage.

Fertőboz

Gloriette Overlook and Julien Valley

From the dome-shaped Gloriette Overlook towering over the town, a wonderful panorama towards the Lake Fertő opens up before the eyes of the hikers. A short hike away is the recreation park of the Julien Valley, which is also the location for various open-air festivals and cultural events.

Fertőrákos

Fertőrákos Quarry and Cave Theatre and Mithras sanctuary

By walking through the Sziklai Bengé (Rock Buckthorn) educational path the visitor can begin to get acquainted with the quarry, from where they may descend down to the theme park established inside the quarry. In the cave theatre that has excellent acoustics we can have unforgettable musical and theatrical experiences.

Being one of its kind in Hungary, the unique Mithras sanctuary was built in the antiquity for the God of Sun worshipping Roman soldiers, beside the Amber Road.

The former jail of the town was established beneath the marketplace; a tower was built above it. The last pillory standing at its original location in Hungary can still be seen before the building of the Mayor's Office.



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SZÉCHENYI 2020



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